

**Key statistics and trends**

There are 42,000 students in Oxford and with a median age of 29 years we are one of the UK's youngest cities.

42,000 student population

population 154,300

2020

2013/14 +14%

6.75 billion

6.75 billion

9

12

46.00m

£180m

www.oxford.gov.uk

OXFORD CITY COUNCIL

5 mph

70%

£180m tourist income

45.9

8 million visitors

6,000 businesses

12%

2014

11 areas in Oxford are in the most deprived decile nationally for educational attainment among children and young people.

Latest figures show the average attainment 8 (equivalent to GCSE level) score per pupil in Oxford is 45.9 which is below the national and Oxfordshire averages of 46.9 and 47.7 respectively.

The hospitals, theatres and museums of Oxford aren't just used by residents of the city, serving much of the county and beyond.

In 2018 Oxford contributed 6.75bn to the economy. The city has 122,300 jobs in the city, a 14% increase on 2013. The growth rate is higher than the national average of 10%.

11 areas in Oxford are in the most deprived decile nationally for educational attainment among children and young people.

This map of Oxfordshire shows the location of usual residence of people who travelled to work in Oxford.

Around 70% of people whose workplace was in Oxford lived in the areas coloured in the blue, mauve, pink, or orange.

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# Oxford City Council Our Strategy 2020-24



## Leader's Foreword

In 2019 when we started the process of renewing our four year Council Strategy, no one would have imagined the world that was to come, and the impact the COVID-19 pandemic would have on our wonderful city and the people that live and work here. Publication of our Strategy, which had followed a deep process of consultation, was delayed. However, following a review we were satisfied our strategic ambitions still hold even in this new normal.

Our Strategy is the result of a huge amount of work including a fantastic public and stakeholder response to the consultation, and we believe reflects the focus, dedication and ambition of the Council both now and in the future. It represents the next steps along the journey towards our 2050 Vision for Oxford.

We are unashamedly ambitious for our city which is already a beacon in many aspects nationally and internationally, but which we want to be truly world class for the benefit of all citizens. Our Strategy reflects that ambition – to enable a more inclusive economy in which everyone shares the benefits of growth; to overcome our housing crisis; to support our communities in a way that reduces the inequalities we see across the city; and to take a lead in cutting carbon emissions while ensuring this does not impact citizens' living standards.

We can't deliver these outcomes alone. And so our Strategy sets out where we task ourselves to deliver, where we will work in partnership with others, and where as a voice for Oxford we will use our influence to help achieve these aims.

Looking back on the last Corporate Plan 2016-2020 we made really good progress. We launched two wholly-owned companies

Oxford Direct Services (ODS) and Oxford City Housing Ltd (OCHL) to deliver services and housing. This strengthened our 'Oxford Model' in which the Council seeks to in-source work and retain the associated earnings to help pay for the services it provides. We helped secure the Oxfordshire Growth Deal that is bringing over £500 million of investment in housing and infrastructure across the county. We put in place a new Local Plan to guide and shape new developments in Oxford, so that they respect our past and present while improving our future through the delivery of much needed affordable housing and higher environmental standards. We delivered new council housing at Barton Park, two new temporary accommodation facilities for homeless people, and the refurbishment of all five of the city's tower blocks. We settled 30 Syrian refugee families under a Government scheme – more than any other local authority in the South East. We built the new Horspath Sports Park in partnership with Oxford United and enabled the new Westgate centre that created 3,400 jobs. And we were the first city in the UK to hold a Citizens' Assembly on Climate Change which is now shaping how we are working with others to cut Oxford's emissions to net zero.

Looking forward we clearly have some significant challenges to overcome. Oxford, partly due to its economic reliance on tourists and students has been particularly hit by the pandemic. Unemployment has risen, retail businesses are struggling and we are very concerned about the educational attainment of those children who were already struggling to meet national standards prior to COVID-19. But equally I am proud of the response to the pandemic by Council staff, our partners, and the people of Oxford. Together, we have helped protect and meet the needs of the most vulnerable during the crisis. And together, I am confident we can build a better Oxford.

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This Council Strategy is complemented by an annual business plan that sets out the key priorities and actions Oxford City Council will undertake in each of the next four years. This strengthens the prioritisation of key areas of work and support collaboration among officers and with external partners. The first Business Plan covering the period 2020-21 was published in September 2020.

# Key statistics and trends

The following data reflects key underlying trends under each of the Council's four priority areas, some of which may have been significantly impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic in the short - and potentially longer - term.

## Population

Oxford's population is 154,300. Between 2001 and 2011 it rose by 11% (15,000 residents). By 2021 it is forecast to increase by another 15,000.

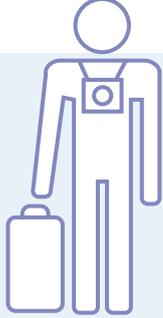


**2020**  
population  
**154,300**



**42,000**  
student  
population

There are 42,000 students in Oxford and with a median age of 29 years we are one of the UK's youngest cities.

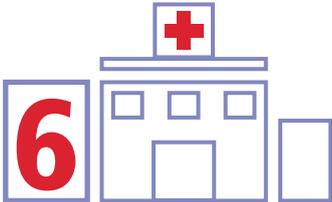


**8**  
million  
visitors

Oxford is the tourism gateway to the rest of Oxfordshire. Approximately 8 million visitors arrive per year, generating £780 million of income for local Oxford businesses. In terms of overseas visitors to the UK, Oxford is the eighth most visited city for staying visits.



**£780m**  
tourist income



**6**  
hospitals



**9**  
theatres



**12**  
museums

The hospitals, theatres and museums of Oxford aren't just used by residents of the city. These public access facilities have a far greater reach, serving much of the county and beyond.

below average attainment 8 score of



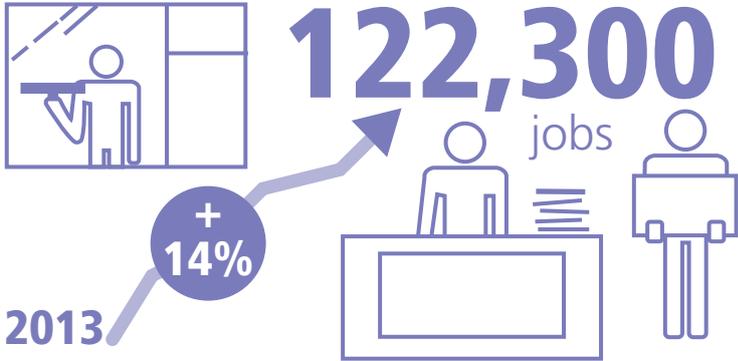
**45.9**

Latest figures show the average attainment 8 (equivalent to GCSE level) score per pupil in Oxford is 45.9 which is below the national and Oxfordshire averages of 46.9 and 47.7 respectively.

11 areas in Oxford are in the most deprived decile nationally for educational attainment among children and young people.



# Enable an Inclusive Economy

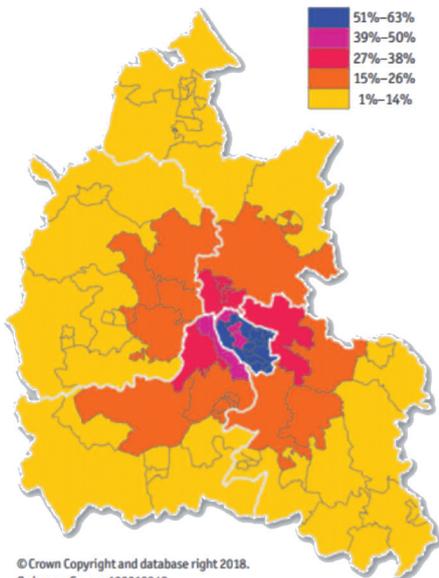


**£6.75** billion: 2018 economic contribution

In 2018 Oxford contributed 6.75bn to the economy. There are 122,300 jobs in the city, 14% more than in 2013, a growth rate stronger than the national level of 10%.

**46,000** people commute into Oxford for work. About a quarter travels into the city by foot, bicycle or public transport. Those commuting within the city are even more likely to use these modes of transport with two thirds doing so.

## Usual residence of people who travelled to work in Oxford



This map of Oxfordshire shows the location of usual residence of people who travelled to work in Oxford.

Around **70%** of people whose workplace was in Oxford lived in the areas coloured in **blue, mauve, pink, or orange.**

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## Key job sectors in Oxford

Education, health, public admin, technology, hospitality, leisure & recreation and manufacturing.

**6,000** businesses

Oxford is home to around 6,000 businesses. This has grown by **12%** since 2014, slightly lower than the national average of 18%.



**5** mph

In the first half of 2019, there were 65 days – half of all weekdays - when speeds on at least one major road into Oxford fell to under 5mph during the morning rush hour. Bus speeds in the centre of Oxford are 38% slower than in 2006.



According to the Gini Coefficient, Oxford is the second least equal city in the UK for income equality.



## Deliver more affordable housing

There are over 57,000 dwellings in Oxford. Over the next 15 years 28,000 more homes are needed with 11,000 of these being built in the city.

**57,000**  
dwellings in Oxford

Average house prices are 17 times average salary making Oxford the least affordable city in the UK.

**28,000**  
needed in  
next 15 years

The City Council has social housing stock of 7,800 properties, which is set to increase by more than 1,100 over the next 10 years. There are currently 2,340 households on our housing register.

**1/3**  
private  
landlords

**RENT= 40% SALARY**

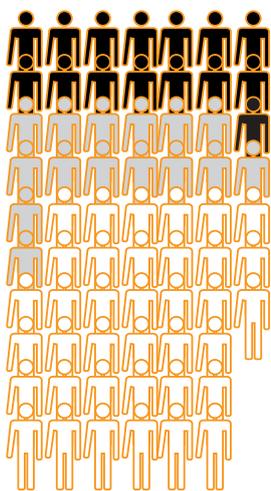
www.oxford.gov.uk



**7,800** social  
housing

A third of properties in Oxford are private rentals compared to 20% nationally. On average over 40% of monthly salaries are spent on rent.

## Support Thriving Communities



**22%**  
black or minority

**14%**  
white non-British

**33%**  
born outside UK



**20%**  
children in poverty

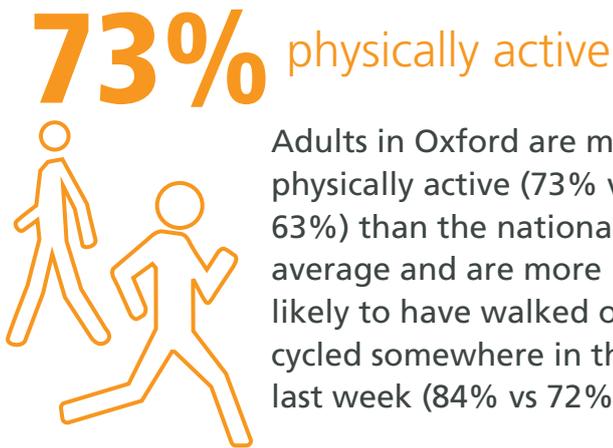
Oxford is one of the UK's most diverse cities. 22% of Oxford residents are from a black or minority ethnic group and 14% are from a white but non-British background. 33% were born outside the UK.

Nearly a fifth of children in Oxford are estimated to be living in poverty after housing costs. This rises to over a third in some of the city's most deprived wards.

**85**  
years  
old

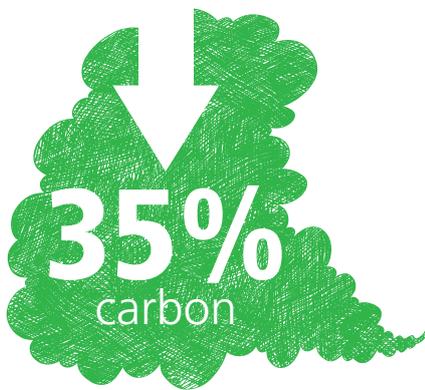
Life expectancy in Oxford is above average at 80 years for men and 85 years for women, however this can vary by up to 10 years for women and 16 for men depending on where in the city you live.

**80**  
years  
old



In November 2019 street count 43 people were rough sleeping. This represents a 16% percent decrease from the 51 counted during the street count in September and a 4% decrease from the 45 people counted in November 2018

## Pursue a zero Carbon Oxford



Between 2005 and 2017 overall carbon emissions in Oxford city fell by 35%. The City Council accounts for 1% of the city's total carbon emissions and this has been reduced by 40% in the last four years.

Oxford has seen a significant reduction in air pollution levels over recent years with a fall of 29% in levels of toxic NO<sub>2</sub> between 2014 and 2018. Latest levels are at 46 µg/m<sup>3</sup> annual mean average, taking us nearer to the Government's target of below 40 µg/m<sup>3</sup>.



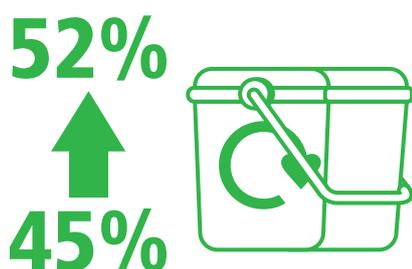
Oxford's urban forest contains around 248,200 trees which is nearly two trees per person, double the ratio for London. They filter an estimated 65 tonnes of airborne pollutants and remove 2,500 tonnes of carbon from the atmosphere every year.



Over the last four years residents in Oxford have reduced their average residual waste per household from 430kg to 340kg.



Over the same period rates of reuse, recycling or composting of household waste have increased from 45% to 52%.



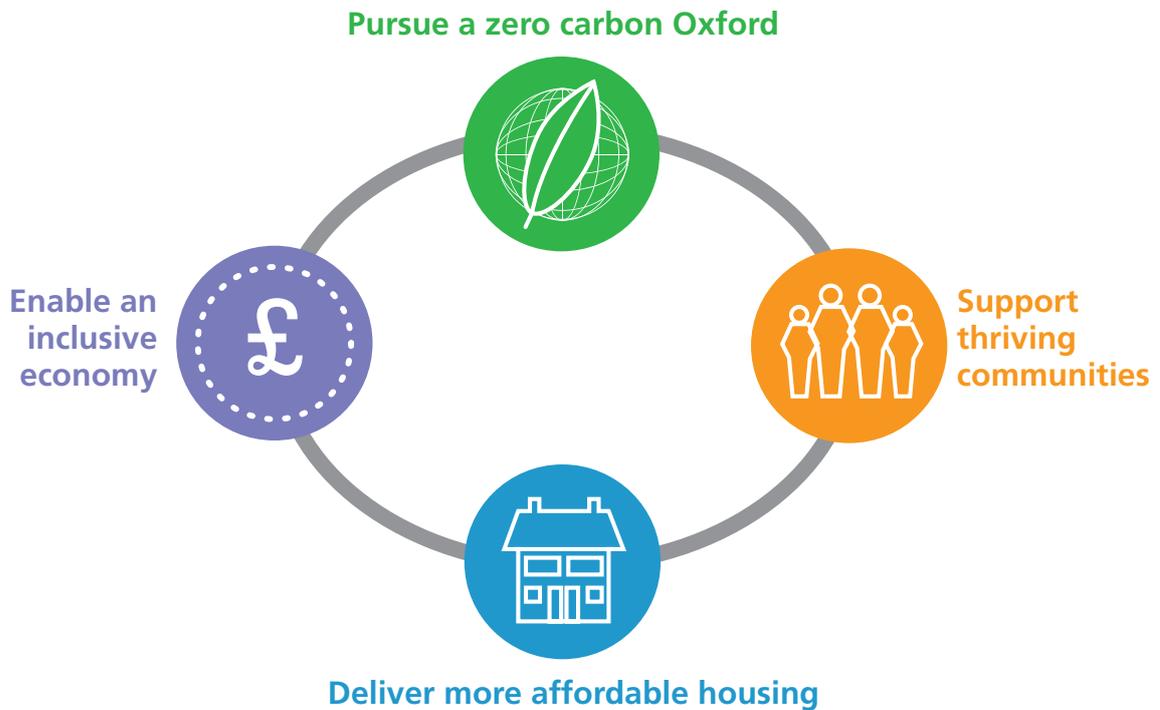
## Our vision

### Building a world-class city for everyone

By creating successful places in which to live and work, supporting our communities and addressing the climate emergency, we will build a fairer, greener city in which everyone can thrive.

## Our priorities

We have set four key priorities over the next four years – all of equal importance: The four priorities are all interconnected, and we will work to achieve them in a joined-up way.



## How we work – a “customer-first” approach

**We work innovatively and efficiently** – we are a flexible and customer-focused team offering high quality services that meet people’s needs.

**We work to tackle inequality** – our employment practices and the way in which we deliver our services aim to provide equality of opportunity and access for all. Our investments and policy-making are all designed to address the social and financial inequalities across Oxford. We value diversity and seek to build a greater sense of togetherness across the city’s communities. We want to ensure all of Oxford’s citizens, including those who are harder to reach, have fair opportunities and a real share in the city’s future.

**We work in partnership with others** – we work with other councils, businesses, communities, the voluntary sector, Oxford’s universities, the Government and other public sector bodies to ensure the way we shape our services and direct our investments is joined-up with others.

**We use our commercial assets for the benefit of local people** – our wholly-owned companies and the commercial properties we own create jobs, support the local economy and provide additional funds that support our delivery of public services. We call this the Oxford Model.

**We are a campaigning organisation** – we work actively to engage with residents, businesses, stakeholders and Government and use our influence to help achieve the aims set out in this Strategy.

## Priorities and outcomes

For each of our four priorities, we have set out the outcomes we would like to see achieved over the next four years, and some of the headline actions we believe will be required to help deliver this.

To support the delivery of the strategy, we produce an annual Business Plan that sets out specific actions and milestones for the year ahead and reports on progress against agreed key performance indicators.



## Priority: Enable an inclusive economy

**Oxford needs a more inclusive economy in which wealth is distributed across our communities and where all citizens can share the benefits of growth.**

Over the next four years we want to see the following outcomes achieved as part of a more inclusive economy:

### **We will deliver ourselves**

1. Our Council-owned companies will have increased their profits to help maintain the services we provide and we will have supported more local businesses, including social enterprises and cooperatives, by changing the way we buy our goods and services
2. Our staff will be more skilled and confident in delivering services our citizens want and our workforce will better reflect Oxford's diverse population

### **We will partner with others to help achieve**

3. Oxford's economy will be stronger, with diverse sectors providing a wider range of accessible business and employment opportunities for all
4. We will have secured different types of new workspace in the city to support business and employment growth
5. The movement of people and goods into and within the city will have improved, resulting in less traffic congestion, better air quality and faster journey times
6. The city centre will be relevant to more of our citizens with more accessible public space. The impacts of tourism will be better managed and more of its economic benefits retained locally
7. The city centre will be expanding to the west. Attractive new areas will be emerging around Oxford station, in Oxpens and Osney Mead, but not at the expense of the health and vibrancy of the existing city centre

### **We will use our influence to seek to achieve**

8. More organisations in Oxford will be socially and environmentally responsible - paying the Oxford Living Wage and adopting practices that deliver clean economic growth which benefits all residents
9. Oxford will have improved the workforce skills it needs through higher educational attainment and more training for the jobs of the future

## To support these outcomes we will take the following actions:

- Implement the Oxford City Council Workforce Equalities Action Plan to boost employee diversity through recruitment and apprenticeships and expand the management opportunities for Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic (BAME) staff and women.
- Strengthen the Oxford Model under which Oxford City Council uses insourcing – rather than outsourcing to private businesses – to generate income.
- Use Oxford City Council, Oxford Direct Services Ltd (ODS) and Oxford City Housing Ltd (OCHL) purchasing power to increase the reinvestment of money into the local economy by placing an increased emphasis on social value, alongside quality and cost measures.
- Establish a new Asset Management Strategy to guide the diversification of our commercial property investment portfolio, prioritise investment and management of Oxford City Council’s non-housing assets, and how we could use our properties to help generate wealth locally and support existing and new small businesses, social enterprises and cooperatives.
- Implement a new inclusive Economic Strategy to tackle inequality and increase the opportunities for disadvantaged groups to have a fair share in the city’s economy and reduce its impact on the environment; while also setting out a plan for delivering the types of different employment space needed to support a more diverse economy.
- Build closer partnerships with the universities to boost productivity in the city’s economy and extend economic opportunities to a wider range of Oxford’s citizens.
- Work with Oxfordshire County Council to implement Connecting Oxford and improve bus and cycle routes into and around the city, better connecting key employment sites.
- Attract investment to build a new Oxford Station and expand its capacity to provide greater connectivity nationally and locally, including securing commitment to the opening of the Cowley Branch line to passengers.
- Create more accessible public space in the city centre for people to enjoy and reprioritise road space for pedestrians, cyclists and buses.
- Implement a city centre strategy to support independent retailers, enhance the Covered Market, widen the cultural offer, support more temporary uses of empty properties, encourage longer stays by tourists and reduce the impact of coaches and overcrowded streets in the heart of the city.
- Work with partners to create a new mixed housing and commercial quarter in the city centre’s west end, alongside infrastructure improvements to create more sustainable transport and movement routes in the area.
- Encourage investment in new skills and apprenticeships across the local economy to tackle inequality and manage the technology challenge to existing jobs.
- Promote the Oxford Living Wage among Oxford employers including the universities and colleges and seek to double the number that adopt it.



## Priority: Deliver more, affordable housing

**Intervention is needed to address Oxford’s housing crisis where existing homes are unaffordable for many and demand for good quality homes outstrips what is available.**

Over the next four years we want to see the following outcomes achieved to deliver more genuinely affordable housing in Oxford:

### **We will deliver ourselves**

1. We will have increased the supply of high quality, energy efficient, accessible and affordable housing, including new council housing as well as other types of homes to rent and for sale at different prices
2. In regeneration projects such as Blackbird Leys, our new housing will be high quality with improved public spaces and served by good public transport, and cycling and walking routes
3. More Council and private sector tenants will have been supported to stay in their homes when they face the prospect of eviction

### **We will partner with others to help achieve**

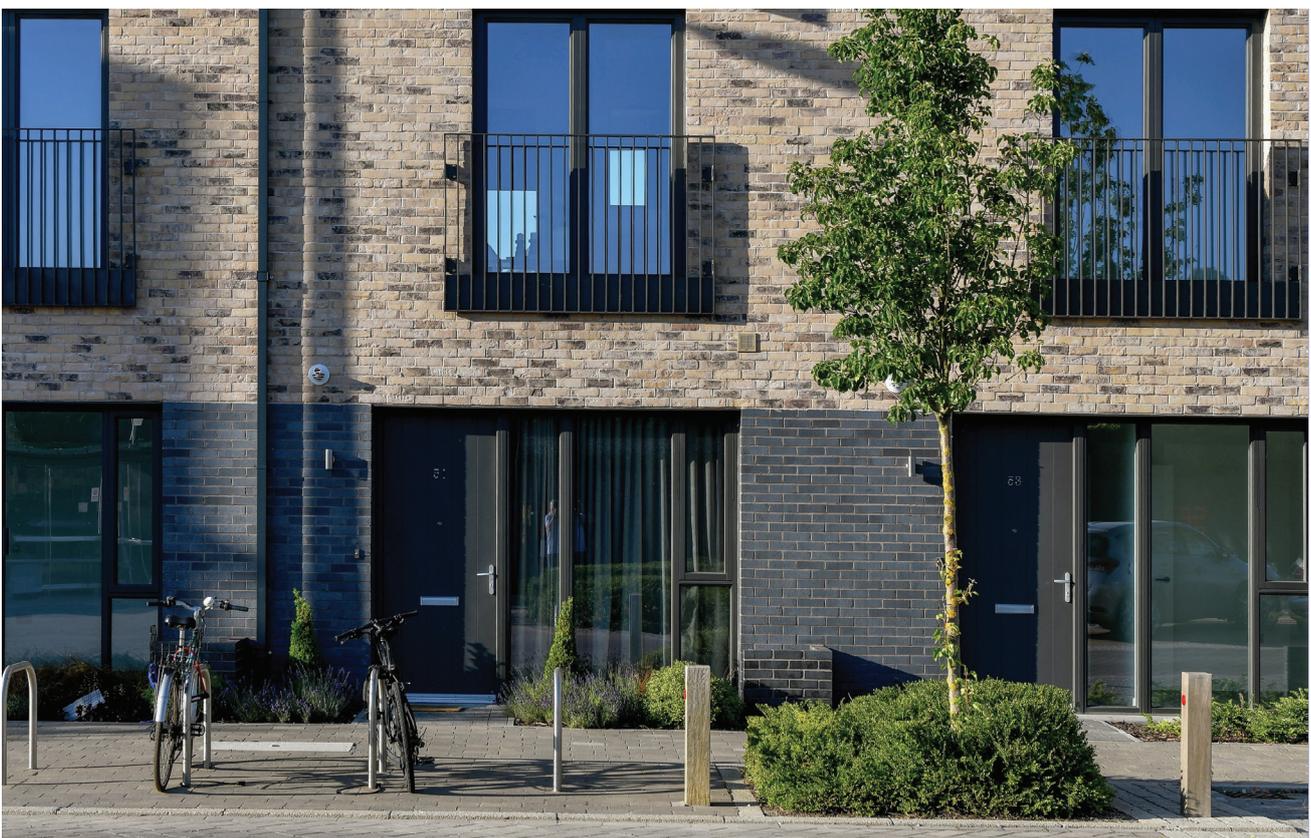
4. More developers, housing associations and others will view Oxford as a good place to build a range of different housing types
5. Working with neighbouring authorities we will be implementing the agreed countywide approach to meeting housing needs
6. Working with housing associations we will have delivered more move on accommodation for people housed in supported accommodation
7. Working with landlords we will have improved the quality and energy efficiency of privately-rented homes in Oxford

### **We will use our influence to seek to achieve**

8. New housing including new urban extensions will be being built to create strong communities with good local amenities and sustainable transport links into the city. Sites valued by local people for leisure and recreation will be protected.

### To support these outcomes we will take the following actions:

- Accelerate our housebuilding programme using OCHL and ODS to deliver new affordable homes at speed and scale with a range of tenures including new council housing, shared ownership and a below-market level Oxford Living Rent.
- Offer enhanced planning support to developers, social landlords and community-led housing groups to encourage a faster rate of delivery of new homes, including use of factory-built housing and modular construction.
- Ensure all new homes are built to high standards, including accessible design and high levels of energy efficiency consistent with Oxford's journey towards net zero carbon emissions.
- Take a preventative approach to homelessness, working with landlords and tenants to reduce evictions.
- Implement a selective licencing scheme to improve standards in private sector housing.
- Work with neighbouring councils to address housing need across Oxford's functional economic area to house people close to where they work and in places that enhance a sense of community and wellbeing.





## Priority: Support thriving communities

Oxford's diverse communities should be equipped, supported and enabled to tackle inequality and ensure everyone is able to play a full part in the life of our city.

Over the next four years we would like to see the following outcomes achieved to support thriving communities across Oxford:

### We will deliver ourselves

1. Our services, grants, community and leisure facilities, parks and cultural events will have helped reduce inequality, increase cohesion and improve health and wellbeing across Oxford's communities
2. Children and young people's resilience and confidence will have increased through the educational and recreational activities we offer
3. As a good landlord, we will have worked with our Council tenants and residents to strengthen local communities; and worked with other major landlords to improve the services they provide
4. Our parks and public spaces will remain clean, safe, and well maintained, and will be accessible to more people to enjoy the health and wellbeing benefits they provide

### We will partner with others to help achieve

5. Working with neighbouring councils and partners, we will prevent homelessness, move people in temporary accommodation more rapidly into secure housing, and ensure that no one has to sleep rough on the streets of Oxford
6. Local voluntary and community groups will be better engaged with, supported and enabled to take a greater role in improving the city and the lives of citizens
7. Increasing numbers of people will walk and cycle around the city, benefitting their health and wellbeing
8. Our work with Thames Valley Police will keep communities safe and help reduce hate crime, human trafficking, drugs-related crime and antisocial behaviour
9. Vulnerable people will continue to be safeguarded against harm

### We will use our influence to seek to achieve

10. Oxford's diversity will continue to be celebrated, with a greater sense of togetherness across its communities
11. Citizens will increase their active engagement in civic and political life

### To support these outcomes we will take the following actions:

- Create an integrated locality-based delivery model for community and housing services with multi-skilled teams, embedding learnings obtained from the COVID-19 response hubs.
- Implement an Equalities Action Plan that shapes our services and use of our community assets to address inequalities particularly for disadvantaged, hard-to-reach and excluded groups.
- Develop data sources to better understand the strengths and needs of our diverse communities and to target our work to where the gaps are.
- Work with our tenants and other citizens to understand their needs, simplify the way they can engage with us and involve them more in design and decision-making in regard to Council services and facilities in their local communities.
- Modernise our community assets and explore innovative approaches for their operation which encourages engagement and a sense of community ownership.
- Deliver a Thriving Communities Strategy that sets ambitions and actions to reduce isolation and support community involvement, health and wellbeing through active lifestyles, volunteering, cultural engagement, and use of our parks and community assets.
- Join up our service delivery at a local level, improve our landlord services for Council tenants and strengthen our relationships with housing associations to improve the service they provide to their tenants.
- Work with health partners to reduce health inequalities, particularly across disadvantaged communities.
- Work with neighbouring councils and partners in the city to deliver a cross-county approach to early intervention on rough sleeping and providing wraparound to support people moving from rough sleeping to safe and stable living arrangements.
- Develop a “One Council” approach to tackling homelessness.
- Work with Thames Valley Police, other partners and communities to tackle the visible drugs market, challenge racism, Antisemitism and Islamophobia, human trafficking and serious antisocial behaviour.
- Use our grants programme and partnership working to enable local voluntary and community groups to help create resilient communities, improve outcomes for citizens and reduce inequalities across our communities.
- Celebrate diversity by supporting and stimulating a wide variety of events and cultural activities that bring Oxford people together.



## Priority: Pursue a zero carbon Oxford

In 2019 Oxford City Council declared a Climate Emergency and held the Oxford Citizens' Assembly on Climate Change. The clear message from citizens was that they want the city to continue to take a lead in reducing emissions and increasing biodiversity, while ensuring this does not impact citizens' living standards.

Over the next four years we would like to see the following outcomes achieved as we pursue a zero carbon Oxford:

### We will deliver ourselves

1. Oxford City Council will have reduced the carbon footprint from its own operations to zero
2. All new building by Oxford City Council will be significantly more energy efficient – moving towards near-zero or zero carbon standards
3. We will have a significant programme of energy efficiency improvements across our existing council housing

### We will partner with others to help achieve

4. All new building by developers in Oxford will be significantly more energy efficient – moving towards near-zero or zero carbon standards, with some examples of carbon-positive development
5. We will be promoting and enforcing the higher energy efficiency standards that will have been set nationally by the Government for residential and commercial landlords
6. Oxford will have taken a leading role in the adoption of electric vehicles
7. Air quality throughout the city will have improved
8. Our streets, neighbourhoods and open spaces will be greener with more trees and other plants, and increased biodiversity
9. The city will become more resilient to climate change including improved flood defences

### We will use our influence to seek to achieve

10. We will campaign for the Government to introduce more rigorous energy efficiency standards on new build and bring forward the end of petrol and diesel vehicle sales
11. Citizens, businesses and other organisations in the city will be taking action to reduce carbon emissions and waste, and increase biodiversity and recycling

### To support these outcomes we will take the following actions:

- Reduce Oxford City Council's carbon footprint from our own activities to zero where we pay the bill – including our buildings and fleet.
- Develop and implement an action plan in response to the recommendations of the Oxford Citizens Assembly on Climate Change.
- Work with tenants to agree and implement a programme of retrofitting our council housing to significantly reduce emissions.
- Work in partnership across the county to coordinate our response to the climate emergency.
- Use our influence with government, partners, businesses and citizens to lobby, inform, convene, educate and campaign to help respond to the climate emergency.
- Engage all commercial and residential landlords to level up energy efficiency standards towards B rating, with information provided and enforcement action where necessary.
- Create a citywide network of electric vehicle charging points to encourage the take-up of electric vehicles.
- Implement a Zero Emissions Zone - initially in the city centre and eventually citywide - to improve air quality and encourage further take up of ultralow emission vehicles.
- Encourage and enable further innovation and investment in green technology in Oxford, moving from pilot to full deployment wherever possible.
- Use our planning system to ensure the natural environment is enhanced and carbon emissions are reduced through all new development.
- Work in partnership with others to increase the city's resilience to climate change, particularly flooding.
- Encourage and enable public access to nature and support a significant programme to increase biodiversity and tree-planting.
- Reduce amount of waste we collect and increase the proportion we recycle.
- Review our People Strategy, ways of working and use of technology to reduce Oxford City Council employees' overall travel to work impact on the environment.

## Our organisation

To achieve our aims, we need to be responsible, reliable, adaptable and innovative as an organisation. We need to think and act strategically and at pace, actively engaging citizens in helping us make the decisions that impact them. We need a diverse workforce that is representative of Oxford and offers opportunities to under-represented or disadvantaged groups. We need a supportive and motivating environment that brings out the best in our people. We need the right structures in place including wholly-owned businesses, joint ventures and partnerships to maximise the resources we can bring to bear. We need strong governance, robust processes and efficient systems to ensure our people are equipped and empowered to deliver their best for Oxford.

## Our values

How we do things is as important as what we do. Our values reflect the important shared attitudes, beliefs, and behaviours that everyone working at Oxford City Council is expected to demonstrate to our colleagues, stakeholders, customers, partners and volunteers.



**One Team** - We work together as one team with the shared aim of achieving effective strategic outcomes and organisational success



**Inclusion & Respect** - We communicate with transparency and respect, creating a working environment that is based on trust, honesty, and integrity. We celebrate being diverse, where there are no barriers to inclusion and where we view the differences between people as a source of strength



**Service Excellence** - We keep our promises and deliver an agreed standard of work to all; always learning, and striving for excellence



**Stepping Up** - We step up, drive it, and deliver it, we collaborate, communicate and we're accountable. We do what we say we'll do



**Amazing Outcomes** - We can adapt ideas and new ways of working to bring innovation and continuous improvement to our business

## The external context for our strategy

Like all organisations we need to be prepared for, and responsive to developing trends, new challenges and change that emerge at a local, regional, national and global level. These include both threats and opportunities for Oxford. Over the next four years we expect this to include:

- The need to address the economic impacts and poverty related issues in Oxford as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic
- The need to significantly accelerate actions to combat climate change while managing increased risks of flooding
- Managing and mitigating the impacts of Brexit on Oxford's citizens and businesses
- Responding as necessary to the agenda set out by the UK Government
- Opportunities to apply innovations in technology and big data to improve the productivity of public services, alongside the task of managing the disruption to jobs that is likely to accompany this
- Harnessing the Oxford-Cambridge Arc growth opportunity to ensure we deliver inclusive and clean growth for Oxfordshire
- The high cost of housing in Oxford putting ownership out of the reach of many, and insecure tenancies preventing families setting down roots

- Rising levels of obesity and an ageing population that puts increasing pressure on many public services
- The increasing impact of cybercrime
- Engaging proactively with equality, diversity and inclusion issues highlighted by the Black Lives Matter movement

## How we'll use this strategy

This strategy is designed to be used as a framework to guide our thinking and decision-making and resource allocation, and help ensure that everything we do takes us closer to achieving our vision. It succeeds Oxford City Council's Corporate Plan 2016-20 and updates our objectives, while maintaining the same overarching aims to achieve sustainable systematic change for Oxford.

The strategy is underpinned by the Medium-Term Financial Strategy 2020-2024 that sets out our financial priorities and commitments over the next four years. To support the delivery of the strategy, we will produce an annual Business Plan that will set specific priorities for the year ahead and report on progress against agreed key performance indicators. In turn the Business Plan will be complemented by Oxford City Council's annual Budget that will allocate resources against the priorities set.



# Key statistics and trends

2013 +14%  
 £6.75 billion: 2018 economic contribution  
 6 hospitals  
 9 theatres  
 12 museums

Oxford is the eighth most visited city for staying visits. The hospitals, theatres and museums of Oxford aren't just used by residents of the city. These public access facilities have a far greater reach, serving much of the county and beyond.

£780m tourist income



below average attainment 8 score of 45.9

Latest figures show the average attainment 8 (equivalent to GCSE level) score per pupil in Oxford is 45.9 which is below the national and Oxfordshire averages of 46.9 and 47.7 respectively.

www.oxford.gov.uk

## Population

Oxford's population is 154,300. Between 2001 and 2011 it rose by 11% (15,000 residents). By 2021 it is forecast to increase by another 15,000.

2020 population 154,300

42,000 student population

There are 42,000 students in Oxford with a median age of 20 years we are one of the UK's youngest cities  
 6,000 home businesses  
 Oxford has grown by 12% since 2014, slightly lower than the national average of 18%.

In the first half of 2019, there were 65 days - half of all

## Usual residence of people who travelled to work in Oxford



This map of Oxfordshire shows the location of usual residence of people who travelled to work in Oxford.

Around 70% of people whose workplace was in Oxford lived in the areas coloured in blue, mauve, pink, or orange.

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