Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019 - Oxford Decile Rankings

Despite having over 70% of its neighbourhood areas ('Lower-layer Super Output Areas' or LSOAs) in the least deprived half of the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) ranking (deciles 5 to 10), Oxford has a significant proportion (17 out of 83) of its areas in the most deprived 30% in England. Key aspects of relative deprivation in Oxford are low income (especially child poverty) and poor educational attainment. 7 out of 10 LSOAs in the 20% most deprived areas in England are also amongst the 10% most deprived areas for education, skills and training. In addition to education deprivation, the LSOAs in the first and second most deprived deciles also see higher levels of health deprivation.

A full report on the Indices of Deprivation findings for Oxford is now available, with detailed maps and charts for each indicator.

OXFORD CITY COUNCIL

Oxford LSOA Name	IMD	Income	Empl.	Edu & Skills	Health	Crime	Housing & Services	Living Env.	Child Poverty (IDACI)	Pensioner Poverty (IDAOPI)	Children & Yng people	Adult Skills
Northfield Brook 18B	1	2	2	1	2	2	4	8	2	2	1	1
Rose Hill and Iffley 16E	2	2	2	1	2	4	2	4	2	1	1	1
Northfield Brook 18C	2	2	2	1	2	5	2	9	2	2	1	2
Blackbird Leys 18A	2	2	3	1	3	2	4	7	1	3	1	1
Blackbird Leys 17B	2	2	2	1	2	4	4	7	2	3	2	1
Carfax 08B	2	5	4	3	1	3	2	1	3	1	1	9
Barton and Sandhills 05B	2	2	3	1	3	4	5	6	2	2	1	1
Blackbird Leys 17A	2	3	3	1	3	3	1	7	3	6	1	2
Northfield Brook 17D	2	3	3	2	3	1	3	4	2	2	2	2
Littlemore 16A	2	2	3	2	3	2	4	6	1	4	3	2
Barton and Sandhills 05A	3	2	3	1	3	4	3	6	2	2	1	4
Rose Hill and Iffley 16F	3	2	3	2	3	5	3	7	1	2	2	2
Littlemore 16B	3	3	2	3	4	3	5	5	4	7	2	6
Blackbird Leys 17C	3	3	4	2	3	3	6	3	4	3	1	2
Churchill 10B	3	3	3	3	2	7	5	6	3	3	2	4
St. Clement's 11D	3	5	6	5	2	3	4	1	4	1	3	10
Churchill 10C	3	3	4	3	4	3	3	5	2	3	2	4

Note: area name combines ward name and final 3 digits of LSOA where LSOA centroid falls within the ward. Data from www.gov.uk/government/statistics/english-indices-of-deprivation-2019